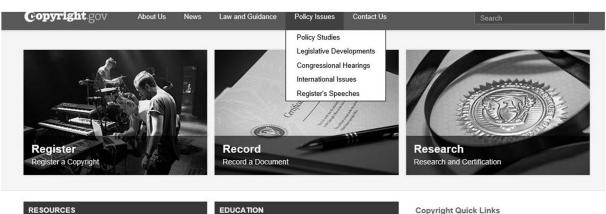
Copyright and Trademark

Tips and Resources for Paralegals

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www.copyright.gov your portal to all things copyright







Copyright Modernization Modernization efforts across the entire Office Copyright Law of the U.S. Title 17 of the U.S. Code Code of Federal Regulations Title 37, Chapter II Compendium of U.S. Copyright Office Practices Third Edition Copyright Office Calendar

Start with the FAQs

https://www.copyright.gov/help/faq/index.html



Some FAQ Topics

Copyright in General Definitions

What Does Copyright Protect?

Who Can Register?

Registering a Work

Which Form Should I Use?

I've Submitted My Application, Fee and Copy of My Work to the Copyright Office. Now What?

Who's Job?

Торіс	Attorney	Paralegal
Copyright in General 17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.	X	
Definitions 17 U.S.C. § 101	X	
What Does Copyright Protect? 17 U.S.C. § 102	X	
Who Can Register? 17 U.S.C. § 201	X	
Registering a Work 17 U.S.C. § 409 and Compendium		X
Which Form Should I Use? https://www.copyright.gov/registration/ and Circulars https://www.copyright.gov/circs/		X
Now What? see https://www.copyright.gov/eco/faq.html regarding status checks		X

eCO

https://eco.copyright.gov/eService_enu/start.swe ?SWECmd=Start&SWEHo=eco.copyright.gov



Electronic Copyright Office (eCO)
United States Copyright Office
Library of Congress



Welcome to the Electronic Copyright Office (eCO)

You may now use this website to:

- * Register your work
- * Preregister your work if you fulfill the requirements.
- * Submit electronic works to comply with a Notice for Mandatory Deposit

NOTE: The eCO System has been confirmed for use with the Firefox browser on the Microsoft Windows 7 Operating system.

Other browsers such as Internet Explorer, Chrome, Safari and Netscape (as well as out-of-date browsers) may work but potentially could show less than optimal behavior when used with the eCO System.

To view and print documents you will need the Adobe Acrobat Reader installed on your system . (click here to download).

Completing an Application

eCO is not user friendly.

The C.O. knows this and is working to improve it.

Mandatory Application Elements

Application Form: see https://www.copyright.gov/eco/faq.html

Deposit (e.g., specimen, sample, etc.) (electronic upload or physical delivery)

HINT: consider a courier for hard copy deposits

Fee (Circular 4: https://www.copyright.gov/circs/circ04.pdf)

Your Friends at the Copyright Office

Public Information Office

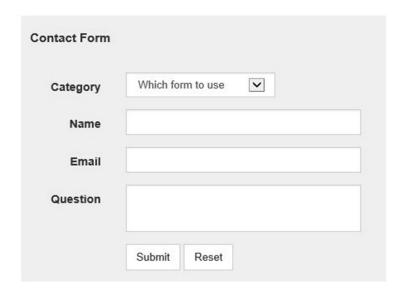
copyrightinfo@loc.gov

202-707-6665; fax: 202-252-2041

Build and maintain your personal C.O. contact list.

Contact Form

Alternative Mode for Addressing Questions Contact Form at https://www.copyright.gov/help/index.html



Hint: Using the Contact Form

Include in your question a reference to a particular section of the law or the Compendium to orient the recipient (and yourself) to the issue at hand. Use the language of your reference source.

Questions

Discussion

Is this helpful so far?

Completing an Application

Essential Reference
Compendium of U.S. Copyright Office Practices
https://www.copyright.gov/comp3/

Think like a registration specialist (fka an examiner)
Use the Compendium as you would the TMEP

Compendium

Chapters

Introduction:

Intro to the Compendium

Chapter 100:

U.S. Copyright Office and the Copyright Law: General Background

Chapter 200:

Overview of the Registration Process

Chapter 300:

Copyrightable Authorship: What Can Be Registered

Chapter 400:

Who May File an Application

Chapter 500:

Identifying the Work(s) Covered by a Registration

Chapter 600:

Examination Practices

Chapter 700:

Literary Works

Chapter 800:

Works of the Performing Arts

Chapter 900:

Visual Art Works

Chapter 1000:

Websites and Website Content

Chapter 1100:

Registration for Multiple Works

Chapter 1200:

Mask Works

Chapter 1300:

Vessel Designs

Chapter 1400:

Applications and Filing Fees

Chapter 1500:

Deposits

Chapter 1600:

Preregistration

Chapter 1700:

Administrative Appeals

Chapter 1800:

Post-Registration Procedures

Chapter 1900:

Publication

Chapter 2000:

Foreign Works: Eligibility and GATT Registration

Chapter 2100:

Renewal Registration

Chapter 2200:

Notice of Copyright

Chapter 2300:

Recordation

Chapter 2400:

U.S. Copyright Office Services

Compendium

This is the way the Copyright Office registration specialist evaluates your client's claim of copyright.

You should adopt this perspective.

Uncertain? Remember Your Friends at the Copyright Office and the Contact Form.

Other Online Services

Document Recordation

Under the Copyright Act, the U.S. Copyright Office accepts certain types of documents for filing and indexing into the Office's public records. There are three primary types of documents that may be submitted for recordation:



Transfers of Copyright Ownership

A transfer of copyright ownership is "an assignment, mortgage, exclusive license, or any other conveyance, alienation, or hypothecation of a copyright or of any of the exclusive rights comprised in a copyright, whether or not it is limited in time or place of effect, but not including a nonexclusive license." 17 U.S.C. § 101.

Other Documents Pertaining to a Copyright

A document pertaining to a copyright is one that "has a direct or indirect relationship to the existence, scope, duration, or identification of a copyright, or to the ownership, division, allocation, licensing, or exercise of rights under a copyright. That relationship may be past, present, future, or potential." 37 C.F.R. § 201.4(c)(2).



Notices of Termination

A notice of termination is a notice that terminates a grant to a third party of a copyright in a work or any rights under a copyright. Only certain grants may be terminated, and only in certain circumstances. Termination is governed by three separate provisions of the Copyright Act, with the relevant one depending on a number of factors, including when the grant was made, who executed it, and when copyright was originally secured for the work. See 17 U.S.C. §§ 203, 304 (c), 304(d).

Other Online Services

Records Research and Certification Services

About Us

The U.S. Copyright Office's Records Research and Certification Section (RRCS) provides copies of completed and in-process registration records (applications, certificates of registration, and related correspondence), completed and in-process recordation records (recorded documents, certificates of recordation, and related correspondence), search reports, and registration deposit materials. Completed registration and recordation records, and search reports are available to any member of the public upon request. Requests for copies of deposit materials or for in-process applications for registration and recordation require additional documentation. Anyone who is deemed not authorized to obtain a copy of deposit materials may, in the alternative, inspect the deposit materials.

Records, search reports and deposit materials in the Office's custody may be certified, and are provided on a routine or expedited basis, depending on the needs of the requesting party. Copying, search and certification services require payment of applicable fees. RRCS is now accepting payments for services via pay.gov.

Services

Certificates of Registration	Copies of Phonorecords	Certificates of Recordation
Copies of Applications	Correspondence	Inspections
Copies of Deposits	Recorded Documents	Search Reports

One Tricky Question

When is a work published?

An applicant must declare whether the work to be registered has been published.

This should be straightforward, but often it is not.

It's an important question. The availability of statutory damages may depend on your response.

"Publication," defined at 17 U.S.C. § 101, expressly excludes "display of a work."

Does display on the Internet constitute publication?

Courts have disagreed.

See Compendium § 1008.3(B) for current guidance.

Another Tricky Question

When does a work enter the public domain?

It is partly—not wholly—a mathematical question.

When its term of registration expires, of course. See, 17 U.S.C. §§ 302-304.

Other events—or nonevents—may also trigger dedication to the public domain.

See, for instance, this recent Copyright Office announcement:

https://blogs.loc.gov/copyright/2019/01/publicdomain/?loclr=eacop

There was a lot of press about this in January. Read it cautiously. Some of it appeared to be erroneous.

Questions

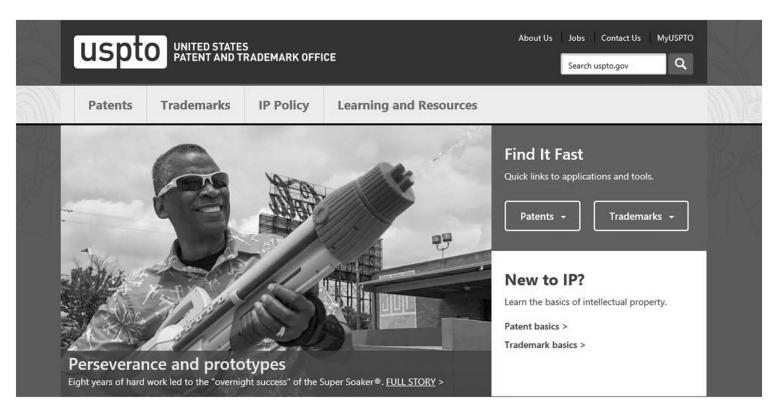
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Is this helpful so far?

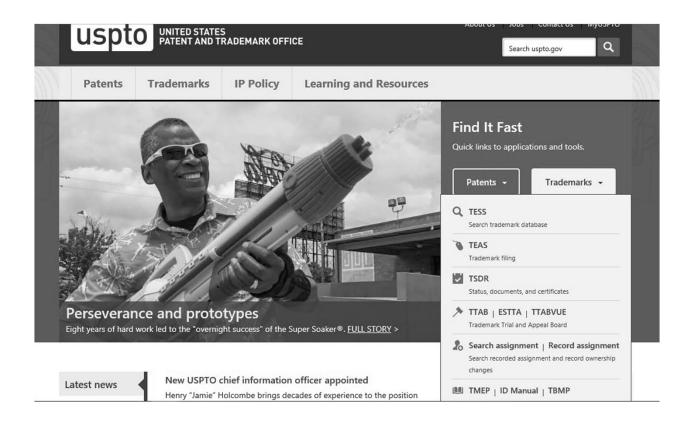
Switching Gears

Trademarks

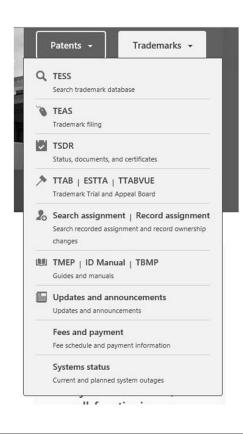
www.uspto.gov your portal to all things trademark



Click "Trademark"



Services You Will Use



- TESS: Research USPTO online database
- TEAS: Prepare and submit forms online
- TSDR: Research attorney of record, prosecution history, examining attorney, documents on file
- TMEP: Trademark Manual of Examining Procedure

Keep This Number Handy

Have questions about preparing an application.

Try the TMEP first. You may also call the United States Patent and Trademark Assistance Center

(571) 272-9250

When prompted, press 0, then 1, then 1, then 5.

Alternatively, contact the trademark examining attorney who has been assigned to your application. Use TSDR to find the name and number.

Hint

When proofing any table, read down, not across.

Questions

Discussion

I hope this has been helpful.

Thank you so much for your attention.

